

TARIFF LOSES LAST PROTECTIVE FEATURE

Anti-Dumping Clause and Senate's Retaliatory Measures Are Dropped.

BURLAPS GO ON FREE LIST

Business Interests Lose Long Fight for Tax on Reduced Price Imports.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Conferees on the tariff bill to-day voted to drop the anti-dumping clause. It was a hard struggle.

Chairman Underwood of the House conferees made his most persistent struggle to restore this feature of the House bill which the Senate had stricken out. The greatest pressure brought to bear on the conferees from outside sources was directed to bringing about if possible a restoration of the anti-dumping clause and its enlargement to include articles on the free list.

As the dumping clause passed the House it applied only to articles on the dutiable list. It was copied from the Canadian tariff laws literally, except so much of the Canadian statute as covered the free list.

The clause struck out of the tariff bill by the Senate proposed that when goods of foreign manufacture were imported into the United States to be sold in the domestic market at prices below prevailing market prices of such products in the country from which imported an additional or dumping duty should be imposed equal to the difference in the market price in the country from which imported and the price at which such goods were to be sold in the United States.

There was considerable sentiment among Democratic Senators in favor of the legislation, but those who opposed it believed that it would be used as a pretext for excluding imports and would really operate as a protective tariff measure.

Business Interests Lose Fight.

With the elimination of the anti-dumping clause and the retaliatory clause in the administrative sections of the bill that went out in the conference last night, the business interests lost two important points for which they have been contending. The retaliatory clause had been put in the Senate as a substitute for the maximum and minimum tariff of the Payne-Aldrich law, but was much more restrictive in its application. To-day's action, in fact, removes the last protection prop from the present revision.

The income tax section of the bill has been practically perfected. Only a few details remain to be worked out. Late last night the conferees returned to the life insurance company paragraph and after waiting a question as to their jurisdiction over the subject matter, decided to allow an exemption from taxation of so much of the net income of life insurance companies as is represented by "premiums returned."

This exemption in more amplified form was put into the tariff bill by the Senate Finance Committee after the bill came over from the House as the result of great pressure brought to bear by the mutual life insurance companies. Later, because of opposition, the exemption was stricken out and as the bill finally passed the Senate it did not exempt any part of the income of the life insurance companies.

The Senate to-day receded from its amendment imposing an additional tax on the operation of railroads in Alaska.

Burlaps on Free List.

An agreement was reached by which burlaps go on the free list and duty bags are to be taxed 10 per cent, instead of 25 per cent, as the House bill provided. Plain duty fabrics, advanced in process of manufacture by being dyed, stained or colored, were made dutiable at 10 per cent, by way of compromise.

The conference struck out of the bill the last paragraph in the schedule which includes spirits, wines and other beverages. The matter struck out was a Senate amendment which provided that after the beginning of the new year revenue stamps required by law to be affixed to packages of distilled spirits filled on the premises of rectifiers or wholesale liquor dealers should be paid for by such dealers. The Commissioner of Internal Revenue was sufficiently influential to have the amendment inserted in the bill by the Senate, but the rectifiers exerted enough influence to compel the Senate to recede in the conference.

When the conference adjourned to-night until 10 o'clock to-morrow the paragraph relating to the cotton schedule and the disagreement over the rates on lead and zinc and the difference of opinion between the two houses as to the date when the wool duties shall go into effect were still open.

BILL MAY BE SIGNED OCT. 1.

Democrats Fear Delay Caused by Cotton Futures Tax.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Democratic leaders in Congress are making a strenuous effort to get the tariff bill to the White House in time to enable the President to affix his signature to it not later than next Wednesday, October 1. But they are meeting with many obstacles. The cotton futures tax is the most troublesome problem.

It was learned to-day that when the bill is reported back to the House, where it will go first, probably on Saturday or Monday, Chairman Underwood will move that the House insist on its disagreement to the Clarke amendment and instruct the House conferees to ask the Senate to recede from that amendment, which imposes a tax of 50 cents a bale on cotton futures, and to accept an amendment, based on the "Smith-Lever" substitute, which recognizes the seven Government standards of commercial cotton and requires delivery in one of the grades or a settlement on the basis of the prevailing market price of these grades, penalizing the seller by a tax of 50 cents a bale.

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LINCOLN TEMPLE BID HELD UP.

Commission Will Meet Again To-day to Complete the Review.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The Lincoln Memorial Commission, which includes in its membership ex-President Taft, ex-Senator Cullom of Illinois, ex-Speaker Cannon and Speaker Clark, held a meeting in Washington to-day.

Unable to complete the review of the bid for the construction of the great memorial temple which will be erected in the new Potomac Park, the commission agreed to hold a session to-morrow. Pending the conclusion of that session no public announcements were made, but it became known that the temple will be built of white marble.

"By mutual agreement our bids are held until to-morrow," said Mr. Taft, "so far as any statement as to our action to-day is concerned. It may say this, however: There have been stories in circulation of late with regard to the character of the material, foundation of the memorial and certain adverse statements that it was unfit to bear the great weight which will be imposed."

"The plans for the memorial provide that the foundation shall extend to an absolute bed rock."

Mr. Taft probably will remain in Washington until late to-morrow afternoon.

MOTOR BOAT AFLAME

AT SEA; FIVE RESCUED

Pink Lady's Passengers Are Saved by the Islander Off Sea Gate.

The steamboat Islander, which plies between Thirty-ninth street and North River and Harren Island, rescued five young men from a burning motor boat two miles off Sea Gate in Ambrose Channel yesterday.

The motor boat, the Pink Lady, belonging to John Hughes, a newspaper man, set out from Bath Beach with John Gordon, Bennet E. Tousey, William E. Laubenstein and William Mudge, all of Bath Beach, as passengers. A backfire from the engine was the first intimation of trouble. It was followed by the explosion of the carburetor, which started a fire in the cockpit and on the gasoline tank floated on top of the bilge water in the bottom of the boat.

Gordon succeeded in shutting off the gasoline tank, while the others put on life preservers. The small fire extinguisher on the boat was of little use. The flames spread over the deck and the Pink Lady was in danger of sinking when the Islander went to the rescue.

Capt. John McRobert directed a stream of water from the Islander's fire fighting apparatus, which put out the flames and the motorboat was towed to Bath Beach. The Pink Lady, a cabin cruiser worth \$2,000, was badly damaged.

TAFT PAYS VISIT TO WILSON.

Ex-President Also Calls on Secretary of Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Ex-President Taft called to-day at the White House and had a short interview with President Wilson. Coming away from his former home Mr. Taft was met by the newspaper men and complimented on his excellent appearance.

"I am exceedingly well," he said. "The report that I have lost eighty pounds, however, must be denied. It is only sixty."

The former President is not disturbed over Representative Borah's resolution to supplant him and Uncle Joe Cannon and ex-Senator Cullom, the present members of the memorial commission, with Democrats.

"It was bad enough when they took the Presidency away," he said, "but to lose this job will hurt a little."

In his capacity of a private citizen of the United States and as a resident and prospective voter in the Nutmeg State, Mr. Taft called this morning upon Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo and urged him to give the city of New Haven, the new home of Mr. Taft, a marble post office.

MILLER SAID LEVY HELPED HIM.

Alleged White Slave Boasted of Assemblyman's Protection.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 25.—Both Special Agent Garberino of the Department of Justice, and his stenographer, Edith Pearson, who assisted him in obtaining evidence against Thomas Miller, on trial for violation of the Mann act, testified that Miller had told them he was immune from punishment because he was an employee of Aaron J. Levy, member of the New York State Assembly.

Garberino and Miss Pearson said Miller had told them he had travelled from coast to coast with women and had made a fortune in his business.

The defence is seeking to prove that Edith Miller, the girl whom he is charged with having transported, and who testified yesterday, followed him of her own volition from State to State.

ACCEPTS GAMBOA RESIGNATION.

Huerta Says He Wants to Insure Impartial Election.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 25.—President Huerta to-night accepted the resignation of Senator Gamboa as Minister of Foreign Affairs in order to enable the Cabinet member to enter the fight for the Presidency. Senator Gamboa was nominated last night by the Catholic party.

In accepting the Foreign Minister's resignation Gen. Huerta stated that he wishes to demonstrate the Government's absolute impartiality in the forthcoming election by not having any candidate to the Presidency connected with the Government during the campaign.

It is reported to-night that important Cabinet changes are impending. Senator Rebollar, it is said, will be appointed Minister of Foreign Relations, while Senator Tamariz is to receive the Justice portfolio. Senator de la Lanza will be Minister of the Interior and Garcia Naranjo Minister of Public Instruction.

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HOPE SEEN IN NEW CANCER TREATMENT

Use of Mesothorium, a New Element, Shows Startling Results.

COSTS LESS THAN RADIUM

Germany Trying to Corner Supply Procured From South American Sand.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—Bleak despatches from Germany during the last few days do not appear to have done justice to the new treatment of cancer by an element called mesothorium, which is being eagerly discussed in the German medical world. Details now available prove that even if a cure for cancer has not been found, at least a substitute for radium has been discovered which is far cheaper than that costly element and also much more plentiful, although it is extremely expensive. It is also safer to use than radium.

Optimists assert that an effective treatment for cancer has at last been discovered. Even the more cautious physicians do not deny that wonderful results have been achieved, but they demand a longer period for experiments and tests.

Meanwhile public committees and municipalities throughout Germany are competing for the scanty supply of mesothorium already produced. The town councils of Berlin and Munich have each voted \$55,000 for the purchase of it. The public geological hospital at Jena purchased one or two milligrams for \$7,500. Small amounts of mesothorium have been obtained by the cities of Leipzig and Essen, and public subscriptions have been opened at Mannheim, Karlsruhe and elsewhere to secure some of the new element. A large fund has been raised by the Hamburg Research Institute for the same purpose.

Passing over the pedigree of the new element, which originated from Dr. Niels Finson's discovery of the light named after him, the violet rays with which he has treated disease, the discovery of other substances, among which are thorium and radium, and the wonderful history still incomplete, it is found that mesothorium was discovered by Prof. Hahn of Berlin.

For some time a company engaged in the manufacture of incandescent gas mantles has been experimenting with substances, among which was a certain monazite sand from South America. In the waste products of this sand Hahn found traces of a radioactive substance which he has now named mesothorium. Enormous waste mounds of this sand had accumulated in the neighborhood of Berlin and the company, having discovered the discovery was soon realized, and three gynecological specialists, Prof. Kroenig, Freiburg and Bumm of Berlin, and Oederlein of Munich immediately employed it in the treatment of forms of cancer to which women are especially liable.

ASTONISHING RESULTS OBTAINED.

Up to the present from 100 to 150 cases have been treated with the new element with astonishing results. After the treatment and generally within a few days the outward signs of cancer disappear, the pain ceases and the general health improves, while a microscopic examination, when the parts affected can be reached that there is no trace of the disease left.

The reports of experts in one case under observation show that for a short time since treatment there has been no trace of the disease and no sign of a relapse. Prof. Kroenig and Oederlein have now abandoned operations for cancer altogether, but Prof. Bumm prefers to combine the two methods. It is freely admitted that mesothorium will not cure cases that are very far developed, but even in these it alleviates the pain and prolongs the life of the patient. The process in brief is as follows:

The mesothorium is placed in a small capsule made of gold and silver. In order to intercept the weaker rays the capsule is then enclosed in rubber or gauze and inserted as near the affected part as possible, where it is allowed to remain for twenty-four hours. This treatment is repeated at intervals of from one to several days.

Mesothorium differs from radium in price and in more rapid loss of power. While the energy of a gramme of radium will need 1,800 years to be reduced by half, mesothorium will retain its full energy only for the first few years. After this its force is gradually dissipated, and it is calculated that there will be only one-half the original energy after twenty years.

The great advantage of mesothorium over radium is its comparative cheapness, although the enormous sum of \$50,000 per gramme is being asked for it. The Prussian Government recently paid \$87,500 for a gramme of radium. Public opinion in Germany accuses the four companies which are manufacturing mesothorium of exploiting human pain in order to obtain great profits. The companies reply that the cost of extracting the substance from the enormous quantities of sand required, apart from the expense of importing the sand from South America, does not leave the monopoly any profit. However this may be, there is no probability of the immediate cheapening of mesothorium by the producers, who are now quite unable to satisfy the demand.

MONACO'S RULER SNOWBOUND.

Prince Albert Snowed Out of a Ranch Near Cody, Wyo.

CODY, WYO., Sept. 25.—Prince Albert of Monaco is snowbound at Anderson's ranch, near Cody, and it is believed that the road will be open in time for his departure, which will begin Saturday.

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MISS VAN ALLEN WEDS ABROAD.

Becomes Bride of Griswold Thompson at St. George's, London.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN. LONDON, Sept. 25.—Miss Mary Van Allen, daughter of James J. Van Allen of Newport, was married very quietly at St. George's, Hanover Square, yesterday afternoon to Griswold A. Thompson of New York.

All arrangements for the wedding were made by Mrs. George Ogilvy Haig, formerly Mrs. J. Coleman Drayton and before that Miss Caroline Astor. A special license for the wedding was obtained three days ago and everything possible was done to keep the wedding secret.

Mr. Van Allen, father of the bride, is at present shooting big game in East Africa.

Miss Van Allen, whose engagement to Mr. Thompson was announced last June, is a daughter of James J. Van Allen and a granddaughter of the late Mrs. William Astor. She is a cousin of Vincent Astor and a niece of Mrs. M. Orme Wilson of New York and Mrs. G. Ogilvy Haig of London. Miss Van Allen inherits a large share of the Astor estate through her mother.

Thompson lives at 16 East Sixtieth street. He is a bond broker. Mr. Thompson is a well known society edition leader and a member of the City Club.

NEPHEW OF KAISER IN HANDS OF LOAN SHARK

Prince Waldemar Borrows \$100,000 to Satisfy Creditors—His Father Pays.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN. BERLIN, Sept. 25.—Recent stories of an unnamed German Prince having incurred debts amounting to \$100,000 while he was at Strassburg University have crystallized into a definite statement from Geneva that the scapegrace is the twenty-four-year-old Prince Waldemar, eldest son of Prince Henry of Prussia, brother of the Kaiser.

According to this version of the story Prince Waldemar was unable to meet the demands of his creditors and borrowed \$100,000 at exorbitant interest from a Zurich banker. The latter was arrested at the instance of the German police on a charge of fraud, but was released after proving that the deal was a bona fide agreement and that he had merely responded to an application for a loan by Prince Waldemar, who gave him a promissory note. The incident, however, is alleged to have ruined the banker.

Prince Henry of Prussia has given an undertaking to pay his son's debts.

WALDO SUSPENDS A CHINATOWN CAPTAIN

Shields Taken From Sergeant and Patrolman Also by Commissioner.

Commissioner Waldo made an excursion into Chinatown just before last midnight and said he was incensed at the condition in which he found things. He acted on the spot and before he left the district he himself had taken the shields away from Capt. Frank A. Tierney, who is commander of the precinct, and a sergeant and a patrolman. The three men were suspended at the Commissioner's orders.

The two other men are Owen J. Keegan and Patrolman Louis Gray.

In his short tour about Chinatown Commissioner Waldo found many things which displeased him. On Pell street particularly he thought things were in bad shape. He found three Chinese gambling houses running full tilt and with no interference attempted by the police.

Keegan and Gray are said to have had bets which covered the locality in which this gambling was going on.

The tour which Mr. Waldo made was unexpected. With a party of men whose names were not ascertained last night he made a quick trip down to the lower end of the island. His going and coming were uneventful until he descended upon Chinatown. There he seemed to be least of all expected. The party got out of their machine and on foot explored the recesses of the Chinese district.

The Commissioner did not make any formal statement as to the exact conditions which he found, but it was evident that things were not as he wished. He found Capt. Tierney, Keegan and Gray talking on the street together.

When the Commissioner had led the three men to the station house he took them to the captain's room, closed the door and announced to them that they were suspended indefinitely. He was angry through and through and showed it in his actions.

He then unbuttoned the three badges, took off the other police paraphernalia and had them take off every garment that indicated the Police Department.

Waldo placed Lieut. John M. Bemer, who was on the desk at the time, in full charge of the precinct. He went upstairs and found Lieut. Dennis Horrigan on duty in bed. He had him dress and at once take the desk.

No arrests were made at the three places where Waldo found gambling. Uniformed policemen were placed at the doors of the places, however.

Immediately after the excursion Mr. Waldo communicated with Deputy Commissioner Harry W. Newburger and asked him at once to report in Chinatown. Mr. Newburger gathered about him some of the men of his own staff, who accompanied him to Chinatown and quietly began a systematic investigation of conditions. This kept up well into the morning.

Chinatown is in the Second inspection district, which is in charge of Inspector Leahy.

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Conditions Incense Official, Who Makes a Personal Investigation.

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SCHIFF SAYS SULZER WANTED TO REFUND BANKER'S \$2,500 GIFT

Says Sulzer Planned to Conceal Wall St. and Liquor Contributions

ALBANY, Sept. 25.—John B. Stanchfield of counsel for the impeachment managers in arguing to-day for the admission of Morris Tekulsky of New York as a witness for the prosecution gave a summary of what the prosecutors will attempt to prove in regard to Gov. Sulzer's statement of his campaign expenses. His language was bitter and seemed to convey for the first time the feeling that rests behind the charges. He said:

"We charge a crime and intent upon the part of the respondent to parade for the public gaze certain itemized statements that appear in the papers he filed under oath as containing a list of all the contributors to his political campaign of small amounts from obscure sources that would not attract attention and that by a scheme, a plan, he omitted from that statement amounts that came from Wall Street as identified in the person of Mr. Schiff; of amounts that came from the liquor interests as represented in the person years ago of Mr. Tekulsky; of amounts that came from brewers; from all sources where he thought the receipt of those moneys might reflect in any way upon his political future or be the subject of criticism or caviol or debate.

"Those amounts were sedulously, deliberately omitted by design, by intent, by this respondent from those statements, and therefore we claim that as bearing upon the fitness of the man, that as bearing upon the truth of these charges, as showing this corrupt, wilful, deliberate intent that renders this man unfit to occupy the place that he at present fills, we have the right to show that in numberless other instances not appearing upon this record he has deliberately failed, intentionally failed, to file a statement of his receipts."

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FINDS GAMBLING THERE

Conditions Incense Official, Who Makes a Personal Investigation.

Commissioner Waldo made an excursion into Chinatown just before last midnight and said he was incensed at the condition in which he found things. He acted on the spot and before he left the district he himself had taken the shields away from Capt. Frank A. Tierney, who is commander of the precinct, and a sergeant and a patrolman. The three men were suspended at the Commissioner's orders.

The two other men are Owen J. Keegan and Patrolman Louis Gray.

In his short tour about Chinatown Commissioner Waldo found many things which displeased him. On Pell street particularly he thought things were in bad shape. He found three Chinese gambling houses running full tilt and with no interference attempted by the police.

Keegan and Gray are said to have had bets which covered the locality in which this gambling was going on.

The tour which Mr. Waldo made was unexpected. With a party of men whose names were not ascertained last night he made a quick trip down to the lower end of the island. His going and coming were uneventful until he descended upon Chinatown. There he seemed to be least of all expected. The party got out of their machine and on foot explored the recesses of the Chinese district.

The Commissioner did not make any formal statement as to the exact conditions which he found, but it was evident that things were not as he wished. He found Capt. Tierney, Keegan and Gray talking on the street together.

When the Commissioner had led the three men to the station house he took them to the captain's room, closed the door and announced to them that they were suspended indefinitely. He was angry through and through and showed it in his actions.

He then unbuttoned the three badges, took off the other police paraphernalia and had them take off every garment that indicated the Police Department.

Waldo placed Lieut. John M. Bemer, who was on the desk at the time, in full charge of the precinct. He went upstairs and found Lieut. Dennis Horrigan on duty in bed. He had him dress and at once take the desk.

No arrests were made at the three places where Waldo found gambling. Uniformed policemen were placed at the doors of the places, however.

Immediately after the excursion Mr. Waldo communicated with Deputy Commissioner Harry W. Newburger and asked him at once to report in Chinatown. Mr. Newburger gathered about him some of the men of his own staff, who accompanied him to Chinatown and quietly began a systematic investigation of conditions. This kept up well into the morning.

Chinatown is in the Second inspection district, which is in charge of Inspector Leahy.

MONACO'S RULER SNOWBOUND.

Prince Albert Snowed Out of a Ranch Near Cody, Wyo.

CODY, WYO., Sept. 25.—Prince Albert of Monaco is snowbound at Anderson's ranch, near Cody, and it is believed that the road will be open in time for his departure, which will begin Saturday.

Telegrams are pouring in from all over the country for permission to join the hunt. A request was received from Count Rovegno, an Italian nobleman who is visiting in Los Angeles, but it will be refused unless Prince Albert intervenes.

Charles G. Gates arrived at Cody this morning, after an absorbing European trip to join the Prince's expedition.

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